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#### Improving unsupervised neural aspect extraction for online discussions using out-of-domain classification

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## Aspect Extraction

"The stew was hot and delicious"

**Objects of interest**: aspects of the entities, on which the opinions have been expressed

#### The tasks:

- 1) extract "**stew**" as an aspect
- group other aspects of the similar kind into one cluster,
  "stew", "mole", "borscht", "goulash" ... [~"food"?]

Different methods: rule-based, supervised learning, unsupervised learning

#### **Unsupervised Aspect Extraction**

- does not rely on labeled data
- allows to work with new domains by design

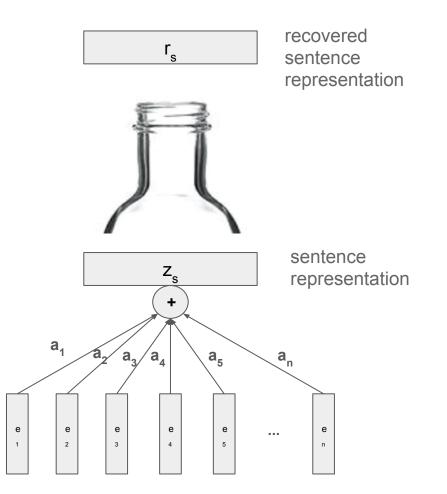
Dominant approaches until recently: BTM and LDA-based topic modeling variants; each aspect = topic

**ACL2017**, ABAE: pretrained word embeddings + self-attention

An Unsupervised Neural Attention Model for Aspect Extraction Ruidan He<sup>†‡</sup>, Wee Sun Lee<sup>†</sup>, Hwee Tou Ng<sup>†</sup>, and Daniel Dahlmeier<sup>‡</sup> <sup>†</sup>Department of Computer Science, National University of Singapore <sup>‡</sup>SAP Innovation Center Singapore <sup>†</sup>{ruidanhe, leews, nght}@comp.nus.edu.sg <sup>‡</sup>d.dahlmeier@sap.com

nferred Aspects Representative Words		Gold Aspects	
Main Dishes	beef, duck, pork, mahi, filet, veal		
Dessert	gelato, banana, caramel, cheesecake, pudding, vanilla		
Drink	bottle, selection, cocktail, beverage, pinot, sangria cucumber, scallion, smothered, stewed, chilli, cheddar		
Ingredient			
General	cooking, homestyle, traditional, cuisine, authentic, freshness		
Physical Ambience	wall, lighting, ceiling, wood, lounge, floor	Ambience	
Adjectives	intimate, comfy, spacious, modern, relaxing, chic		
Staff	waitstaff, server, staff, waitress, bartender, waiter	Statt	
Service	unprofessional, response, condescending, aggressive, behavior, rudeness		
Price	charge, paid, bill, reservation, came, dollar	Price	
Anecdotes	celebrate, anniversary, wife, fiance, recently, wedding	Anecdotes	
Location	park, street, village, avenue, manhattan, brooklyn		
General	excellent, great, enjoyed, best, wonderful, fantastic	Misc.	
Other	aged, reward, white, maison, mediocrity, principle		

#### What is ABAE, in brief: the model



Two linear feedforward layers:

$$\mathbf{r}_s = \mathbf{T}^\top \cdot \mathbf{p}_t$$
$$\mathbf{p}_t = softmax(\mathbf{W} \cdot \mathbf{z}_s + \mathbf{b})$$

**T** -- aspects embedding matrix **K** x **d** (K aspects representations, each with the same number of dimensions as word embeddings)

 $\mathbf{p}_t$  -- a "share" of each aspect in a sentence in concern

#### What is ABAE, in brief: training

Negative sampling and max margin loss

$$J(\theta) = \sum_{s \in D} \sum_{i=1}^{m} \max(0, 1 - \mathbf{r}_s \mathbf{z}_s + \mathbf{r}_s \mathbf{n}_i)$$

+ the loss function that promotes topic diversity:

(U reaches maximum when T is orthogonal)

 $U(\theta) = \|\mathbf{T}_n \cdot \mathbf{T}_n^\top - \mathbf{I}\|$ 

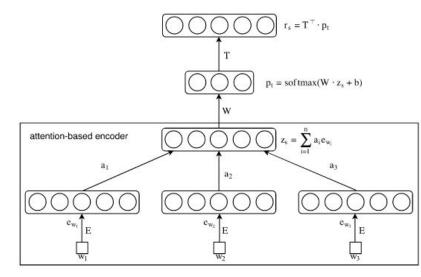


Figure 1: An example of the ABAE structure.

## Why focusing on ABAE?

89 citations\* and numerous diverse applications, including:

- **Extractive summaries** from multiple reviews [Angelidis et al. 2018] <u>1808.08858</u>
- Summary extraction, **user profiling** [Micheltree et al. 2018] <u>1804.08666</u>
- Text-based **recommender systems** [Nikolenko et al. 2019] <u>1901.07829</u>

#### Idea: what if we apply to non-review data?

...to [possibly] enhance other tasks [as topic modeling already did]

#### Yields aspects of challengeable quality!

No surprise: trained on sentences ⇒ we implicitly assume there are aspects in **each** sentence

#### **Possible cause**: in non-review texts, authors are *less focused* on the topic/object of discussion ⇒ not every sentence is on the topic

RQ: can we improve the aspects coherence with doing data preprocessing in a slightly more sophisticated manner?

#### Improving coherence with text preprocessing

- tweet pooling by hashtags in order to improve LDA topics
   [Mehrotra et al.'16]
- term-weighting approach for the LDA input in order to promote named entities
   [Krasnashchok et al.'18]
- thesaurus relations-based LDA weights modifications improve coherence
   [Loukachevitch et al.'18]

# Proposed approach: removing out-of-domain sentences

Given:

- ID (in-domain) target text collection we are to extract aspects from
- OOD (out-of-domain): unrelated, out-of-domain texts (collected)

Method:

- 1) split all texts into sentences
- 2) train a probabilistic classifier separating ID sentences from OOD sentences
- 3) compute the trained classifier scores for all the sentences in ID
- 4) remove sentences with scores lower than certain threshold
- 5) train the aspect extraction model on the remaining sentences

Out-of-domain classifier's scores for sentences from the sci.electronics newsgroup

Score	Sentence after preprocessing with NLTK
0.844	paul simundza writes probably tell dc blocking capacitor series one chip single ended audio amp spe
0.836	open look power amp ic
0.047	fairly obvious
0.466	replace one connected dead output
0.668	well one thing poke around terminal power amp chip

#### **Experimental settings**

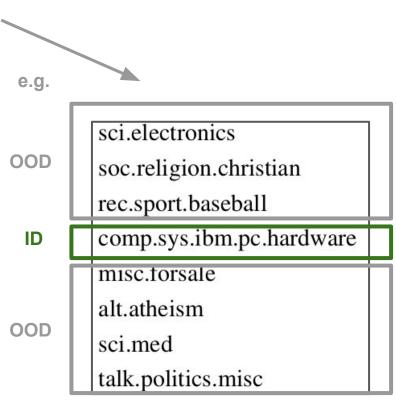
**Data**: selected diverse topics from 20Newsgroups

#### Model (ABAE):

- 15 aspects (topics)
- 20 negative samples
- 10 epochs
- batch size of 256 on one GPU

word2vec: SGNS vectors, trained on the corresponding domain (newsgroup) dimension is 200, window size equals 10, 5 negative samples

**Baseline**: OnlineLDA model [Hoffman et al.' 10] trained with gensim [Rehurek et al.' 10] with default parameters (same vocabulary, same number of aspects)



#### Experiment results: aspects

ABAE trained on all sentences in a post (less coherent)	ABAE trained on selected sentences (more coherent)	
<num> <pad> raffle anyone copy</pad></num>	wiring green cable box gfci grounded case	
time frequency chip source take much	voltage input supply output signal power circuit	
<num>greggo <unk>mc68882rc33 <pad> raffle</pad></unk></num>	edu university uk mail fax email internet	
<unk>raffle <pad>greggo mc68882rc33 <num> ca input</num></pad></unk>	dc digital wave drive per data decimal state	
dtmedin b30 catbyte ingr uunet com uucp look	com dtmedin b30 catbyte uunet ingr uucp al everywhere	
mail edu university writes com email uk	radar detector number someone radio law shack	
copy anyone know could would help get	ca mb bison baden inqmind de sys6626 mind bb bari	
edu university uk henry toronto mail	best year around machine least seems band	
input pin output data latch voltage	phone neoucom departmentedu oh usa computer uhura	
input output data voltage pin high	pin input latch output data voltage supply	
ca mb bison baden inqmind de sys6626 bb	ground wire neutral conductor box outlet grounding	
connected outlet hot wire grounding neutral	uk mail university email com edu fax internet	
ground wire conductor neutral outlet connected	would anyone know copy get could want	
mc68882rc33 <pad>greggo input raffle voltage</pad>	pin input neutral voltage connected wire current	
phone neoucom edu department oh usa computer service	copy anyone know could would help	

#### **Evaluation: PMI and NPMI**

Standard PMI-coherence: averaged per-topic PMI value for every pair of top **N** tokens computed either on the training set or the heldout data

$$C_{\rm PMI} = \frac{2}{N(N-1)} \sum_{i=1}^{N-1} \sum_{j=i+1}^{N} \text{PMI}(w_i, w_j),$$

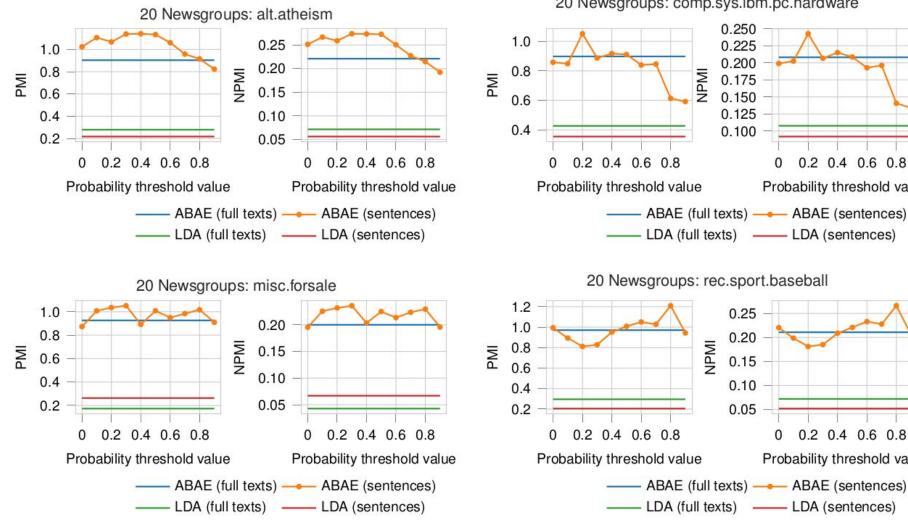
where

$$PMI(w_i, w_j) = \log \frac{P(w_i, w_j) + \epsilon}{P(w_i)P(w_j)};$$

And its normalized modification

$$NPMI(w_i, w_j) = \left(\frac{PMI(w_i, w_j)}{-\log P(w_i, w_j) + \epsilon}\right)^{\epsilon}$$

## **Evaluation**



20 Newsgroups: comp.sys.ibm.pc.hardware

0.2 0.4 0.6 0.8

0.2 0.4 0.6 0.8

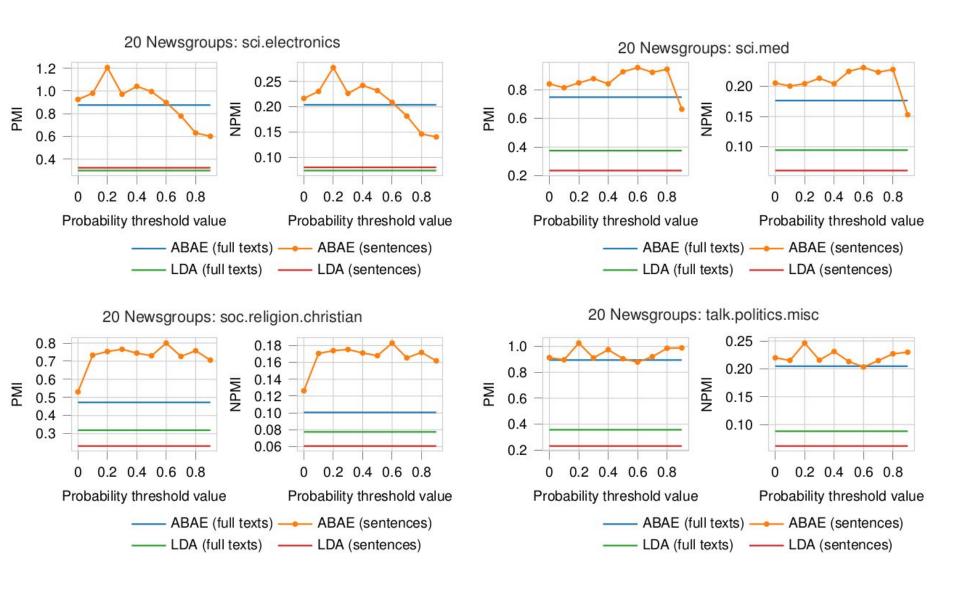
Probability threshold value

Probability threshold value

0

0

#### Evaluation



#### Conclusion and future work

Proposed technique can improve aspects coherence -even with a simple discriminative BoW classifier without proper tuning

Future work:

- try more advanced classifications methods
- develop a reliable technique for the filtering threshold selection and make it a tool

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# Thank you for your attention! Q&A

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